Sourwood Mountain [1]

Reel



Discography: Library of Congress AFS 00841 B02, Marion Rees [sic] (1936). https://www.slippery-hill.com/content/sourwood-mountain-8

Notes: From the playing of blacksmith and fiddler William Marion Reece (1874-1939, Zionville, Watauga County, western N.C.), recorded in 1936 by John Lomax for the Library of Congress.

AEae tuning (fiddle)

Transcribed by: Andrew Kuntz

Sourwood Mountain [1]

Reel



ABC source: Edden Hammons (1875-1955, Pocahontas County, W.Va.)

Discography: The Edden Hammons Collection vol. 2

Notes: AEae tuning (fiddle)

From a 1947 field recording Transcribed by: Andrew Kuntz

Sourwood Mountain [1]

Reel



Discography: Berea Sound Archives https://soundarchives.berea.edu/items/show/4245

Notes: From the playing of John Morgan Salyer (1882-1952, Salyersville, Magoffin County, eastern Ky.) recorded at home 1941/42 by his sons on a disc player

AEae tuning (fiddle)

Transcribed by: Andrew Kuntz

Sourwood Mountain





Book: David Parker Bennett - "A Study in Fiddle Tunes from Western North Carolina", dissertation UNC, Chapel Hill, 1940, pp. 77-78.

Notes: Transcribed by David Bennett from the playing of western N.C. fiddler Bill Hensley in 1939. Hensley attributed the composition of "Sourwood Mountain" to a Virginia fiddler named "Blind Wiley Laws, whom he described as a "terrible" fiddler (using the old meaning of the word as a synonym for 'awesome').

AEae tuning (fiddle). Hensley called this the "Shelton Laurel Key." "+" = pizzicato note

Transcribed by: AK/Fiddler's Companion

Sourwood Mountain [1]





Discography: https://soundarchives.berea.edu/items/show/7365

Notes: From the playing of fiddler Melvin Wine (1909-2003, Copen, Braxton County, central West Virginia) on a Berea College performance video.

Wine plays with a pronounced backbeat, often with double stops.

Transcribed by: Andrew Kuntz